

# EXAMGOOD

## QUESTION & ANSWER

Exam Good provides update free of charge in one year!

Accurate study guides  
High passing rate!

<http://www.examgood.com>

**Exam : OG0-081**

**Title : TOGAF 8 Certification for Practitioners**

**Version : DEMO**

1. 1.CA.1: All of the following elements are required in the Application Architecture Baseline Document except \_\_\_\_.

- A. architecture models of the candidate system(s)
- B. business and organization units supported
- C. precedent and successor applications
- D. owner(s) or business unit(s) responsible for requirements
- E. hardware and software platforms used

Answer: A

2. 1.CA.6: Which of the following would be a potential downstream use of the qualitative criteria for the application architecture

- A. managing code quality
- B. generating service level agreements
- C. regression testing
- D. gap analysis
- E. All of the above

Answer: B

3. 1.D.2: The TOGAF Technical Reference Model \_\_\_\_.

- A. is intended as an example and should be tailored to the organization's needs
- B. must be used "as is" for developing comprehensive architecture models
- C. contains several industry specific frameworks
- D. is intended to contain the Enterprise Continuum
- E. contains only solution building blocks

Answer: A

4. 1.P.3: Which of the following statements about architecture principles is most true?

- A. Architecture principles must be tailored to the requirements of a given architecture project
- B. Architecture principles are intended to be enduring and seldom amended
- C. Architecture principles cannot transcend the organization's business strategies and objectives

D. Executive Management can define principles as a means of enforcing compliance to its policies and rules

E. Due to their sensitive nature, architecture principles should be kept confidential

Answer: B

5. 1.E.2: During Phase E - Opportunities and Solutions, a gap analysis can be used to compare the \_\_\_\_\_ between the as-is and the to-be architecture.

A. requirements

B. Solution Building Blocks

C. Architecture Building Blocks

D. business functions

E. standards

Answer: D

6. 1.F.1: What is the objective of Phase F?

A. To establish the IT Governance framework that will be used to direct deployment.

B. To sort the implementation projects into priority order for implementation and migration.

C. To implement change management processes that will be used to manage the implementation projects.

D. To validate the architecture vision.

E. All of these tasks

Answer: B

7. 1.G.1: What are the key inputs to Phase G - Implementation Governance?

A. reusable solution building blocks

B. statement of architecture work

C. request for architecture work

D. all of these items

E. impact analysis

Answer: D

8. 1.H.1: As the ADM cycle is completed for a given architecture program, the architecture staff is responsible for \_\_\_\_.

- A. Project planning
- B. Final appraisal of the implemented architecture
- C. Ongoing monitoring of business and technology changes related to the architecture work
- D. Implementation Governance
- E. Internal marketing of the solution

Answer: C

9. 1.R.1: When can new requirements be added to the requirement management repository?

- A. during each phase of the ADM
- B. at the Architecture Vision phase
- C. anytime during Phases A through D
- D. only upon completion of a business scenario
- E. when submitting the Request for Architecture Work

Answer: A

10. 2.5: Who usually initiates a Request for Architecture Work?

- A. the sponsoring organization
- B. the architecture organization
- C. the CIO/CTO
- D. the architecture governance board
- E. senior management

Answer: A

11. 2.18: A Technical Architecture Report should contain all of these items except \_\_\_\_.

- A. requirements traceability analysis
- B. project impact analysis
- C. technology architecture models

- D. technical specification for each building block
- E. gap analysis report

Answer: B

12. 2.23: The final version of an Impact Analysis should contain all of the following except \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. prioritized projects
- B. enhanced budget forecasts
- C. time ordered sequencing
- D. Implementation recommendations
- E. measures of effectiveness

Answer: B

13. 3.1.1: Which of the following would be a good example of an infrastructure application?

- A. Virtual Private Network
- B. System and Network Management system
- C. e-Mail
- D. Office (desktop) software
- E. All of these

Answer: E

14. 3.1.3: In the high level Technical Reference Model \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. all of these
- B. the application directly communicates to the outside environment
- C. the application communicates with the application platform through the communications infrastructure interface
- D. it is possible to analyze performance criteria
- E. the communication infrastructure is very diverse

Answer: E

15. 4.1.4: The Architecture Continuum \_\_\_\_\_ the Solutions Continuum.

- A. drives
- B. is driven by
- C. is designed to satisfy
- D. is based on
- E. guides and supports the evolution of

Answer: E

16. 5.2: The U.S. Department of Defense C4ISR Architecture framework (now DODAF) provides an integrated architecture model with three views. Which of these sets of views is provided?

- A. logical, physical, financial
- B. operational, technical, systems
- C. logical, physical, operational
- D. strategic, tactical, operational
- E. strategic, systems, operations

Answer: B

17. 6.1.1: Which of the following is not true about the nature of governance?

- A. All of these are characteristics of governance.
- B. Provides guidance on the effective use of resources to achieve the organization's strategic objectives
- C. Ensure that all actions and related decisions are available to be examined by authorized parties
- D. All decisions taken, processes used and their implementation will not be allowed to create unfair advantage to any one particular party.
- E. All involved parties have a commitment to adhere to procedures, processes and authority structures established by the organisation.

Answer: A

18. 6.2.2: In TOGAF's Architecture Governance organizational structure, which group is chiefly responsible for deployment and operations?

- A. domain architects
- B. IT service management
- C. Chief Information Officer/Chief Technology Officer

D. program management office

E. technical support

Answer: B

19. 1.A.2: Typically, business goals and drivers have already been established and need only be validated.

If this is not true, what process should be followed?

A. Resequence the project to occur later in the overall program

B. The team should work with the project sponsor to create a set of goals and objectives and to validate those goals and objectives with top management

C. The project team should create a set of placeholder goals and objectives

D. Place the project on hold until a suitable set of business goals and objectives can be defined by top management

E. Benchmark with a similar, noncompeting organization, and adopt their best practices for business goals and objectives

Answer: B

20. 1.A.5: During the Architecture Vision phase, what would be a typical source of enterprise wide constraints?

A. The results of a detailed gap analysis

B. The project plan for the given architecture activity

C. External benchmarks

D. The organization's business and architecture principles

E. The architecture contract

Answer: D